

San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC)
Fiscal Year (FY) 2025 Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher (HCV)
Administrative Plan

Public Hearing January 25, 2024

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Quality Assurance
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SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Overview – Fiscal Year 2023

- Federal Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) rental assistance is SDHC's largest program.
- Voucher Baseline: 16,659
- Rental Assistance payments disbursed: \$253.1 Million
- Participating Landlords: 5,069
- Elderly/Disabled Households: 64%
- Work-Able Households: 36%
- Average Annual Income (All Households): \$21,709
- Average Annual Income (Work-Able Households): \$34,642
- 83% of Households are Extremely Low Income (Up to 30% AMI)



Gwendolyn, HCV Participant





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Proposed Changes

Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act (HOTMA)

- Enacted in 2016.
- U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) Final Rule published in 2023.
- Intended to streamline processes and reduce administrative burden on housing providers.
- Sections 102 and 104 affect Public Housing and the Section 8 HCV Rental Assistance programs.
- Includes changes to income reviews, asset limitations, hardship policies, and allowances/deductions.
- Public housing authority (PHA) Administrative Plans must be updated to reflect HOTMA changes.
- Public Comment and SDHC Board of Commissioners' approval are required.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Proposed Changes (Continued)

"Moving to Work" (MTW) and Traditional Section 8 HCV Program Applicability

- 1. Childcare Expense Hardship
- 2. Revised Asset Limits for Program Eligibility
- 3. Policy on Safe Harbor for Income Determinations
- 4. Consent Form Policy
- 5. Income Calculation Errors
- 6. Long-term Care Premium Expense Addition





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Childcare Expense Hardship

- New mandated policy creates a hardship exemption for families whose eligibility for the childcare expense deduction is ending, but the deduction is necessary because the family is unable to pay their rent.
 - Family must demonstrate why is it still necessary.
 - Provided for 90 days, extensions on case-by-case basis.
 - Report to SDHC within 30 days if circumstances that made the family eligible for the exemption change.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Asset Limits and Safe Harbor

Revised Asset Limits for Program Eligibility

 Families with assets exceeding \$100,000 and/or with a present ownership in, or with a legal right to reside in or sell, real property that is suitable for residence, are not eligible for any voucher programs.

Policy on Safe Harbor for Income Determinations

- SDHC will not accept Safe Harbor income determinations due to administrative burden.
- Once a formal information sharing and verification process can be established with other meanstested federal public assistance programs as identified and accepted by HUD, the policy will be revisited.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Consent Form Policy

- HUD currently requires all adult family members to sign and submit consent form HUD-9886 at each reexamination.
 - Contains provisions authorizing HUD and PHA to obtain necessary information to verify and maintain verification of family eligibility.
 - Families who refuse must be denied or terminated.
- New HOTMA policy allows form to be signed once by each adult and maintained in the file, rather than signing at each reexamination.
- Also allows denial or termination for families who revoke previously signed consent form.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Income Calculation Errors and Long-term Care Premium Expense Addition

Income Calculation Errors

• New mandatory clarification defining how SDHC would notify, correct, and/or reimburse/credit family if an error in rent calculation is discovered.

Long Term Care Premium Expense Addition

 Long-term care insurance premiums have been added as an allowable health and medical care expense.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Traditional HCV Program Applicability Only

- 1. Revised Asset Requirements
- 2. Revised Allowances and Deductions under the Traditional HCV Program
 - 1. Dependent Allowance
 - 2. Elderly/Disabled Allowance
- 3. Health and Medical Care Expense Deduction and Hardship Changes
- 4. General Relief Hardship
- 5. Interim Reporting and Effective Date Changes





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan

Revised Asset Requirements, Allowances and Deductions

Revised Asset Requirements – Traditional HCV Program

- Under new HUD HOTMA rules, total family assets \$50,000 and below will be considered nominal and will not require third-party verification.
- Family assets exceeding \$50,000 will require third-party verification.

Revised Allowances and Deductions – Traditional HCV Program

- Under mandatory HOTMA requirements, the Elderly/Disabled allowance is raised to \$525 per household for families whose head of household, spouse or co-head of household is 62 years of age or older or disabled.
- The Dependent allowance remains at \$480 per dependent.
- HUD may now adjust both types of allowances annually according to the Consumer Price Index.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan Revised Allowable Medical Expenses and General Relief Hardship

Revised Allowable Medical Expenses – Traditional HCV Program

- Under mandatory HUD HOTMA rules, a family will qualify for a medical expense deduction if the expense exceeds 10% of annual income, rather than the current 3% threshold.
- HOTMA will allow for hardship exceptions under certain circumstances.
- Hardship will consist of a 24 month-phased in approach.

General Relief Hardship – Traditional HCV Program

- Under mandatory HUD HOTMA rules, a family may qualify for a General Relief Hardship.
- If eligible, family would receive a deduction for eligible health and medical care expenses exceeding 5% of annual income for 90 days.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan

Interim Certifications for Increases of Income under the Traditional HCV Program

- Under mandatory HUD HOTMA rules, families are required to report an income increase of more than 10% of annual adjusted income.
- A family's income increase by more than 10% will require the completion of an increased income interim certification—except under certain circumstances.





SDHC – FY 2025 Section 8 HCV Administrative Plan

Public Comment:

Must be received by March 1, 2024

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Or

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